

Configuring Active Directory

Your organization may want to have users authenticate to Lumeta Enterprise Edition using Active Directory (AD). This arrangement—with an assist from you—maps AD user-rights to the Lumeta system and controls what individual users can see and control when logged in to a Lumeta Command Center. Your contribution is to tell the Lumeta system how to apply rules to map groups, organizations, and roles by creating a csv group mapping file. The group mapping file you create specifies the mapping.



For more on organizations, roles, and permissions, see the [About Organizations, Zones & Users](#) page.



Update

In the groupmapping mechanism, a list of AD groups separated by the pipe symbol (|) can now be set as 'superuser' (or the column can be left blank).

Sample format:

group2 group4 group1	Manager/Development	superuser
group5 group4 group6	Viewer/Sales	

When an AD (new) user logs in to Lumeta, a user account is created along with roles mapped to the user's AD groups. If these AD groups are defined as 'superuser', all the users in AD group will be designated as Lumeta superusers. Changes to groupmapping data take effect when the users associated with those records login to the Lumeta system.

Let's assume, for example, that Active Directory contains (or has defined) these groups and we want to assign users to particular roles in Lumeta, remembering that each Lumeta role is always paired with an organization defined in Lumeta.

Example AD Groups	Customer-Defined Lumeta Organizations	Actual Lumeta Roles
vp	NA	SysAdmin (no GUI access)
admin	EMEA	Viewer (read-only)
security	APAC	Manager (read + write)
na		
emea		
apac		

And you want these **rules** to apply to your Lumeta users:

1. Vice presidents should get read-only access in all organizations

	Group	Role+Organization
1	vp	Viewer/NA
2	vp	Viewer/EMEA
3	vp	Viewer/APAC

That portion of the group mapping CSV file would look like this:

vp,Viewer/NA

vp,Viewer/EMEA

vp,Viewer/APAC

Notice that the CSV example contains only two columns—the first for AD group name and the next the Lumeta role + organization. The two columns are separated by a comma (,). Any row containing more than two columns is considered an invalid row.

2. Admins should get SysAdmin roles in their own regions

	Group	Role+Organization
1	admin na	SysAdmin/NA
2	admin emea	SysAdmin/EMEA
3	admin apac	SysAdmin/APAC

The AD users in row #1 are members of *both* the **admin** and **na** groups. The Lumeta users in row #1 are SysAdmins for the NA organization. That portion of the group mapping file would look like this:

admin|na,SysAdmin/NA

admin|emea,SysAdmin/EMEA

admin|apac,SysAdmin/APAC

3. People on the Security team should have Viewer and Manager roles in some regions.

	Group	Role+Organization
1	security na emea	Viewer/NA
2	security na emea	Manager/NA
3	security na emea	Viewer/EMEA
4	security na emea	Manager/EMEA
5	security na emea	Viewer/APAC
6	security na emea	Viewer/APAC
7	security apac	Manager/APAC
8	security apac	Viewer/NA
9	security apac	Viewer/EMEA

AD users in row #7 are members of *both* the **security** and **apac** groups and in Lumeta have a Manager role in the APAC organization. That portion of the group mapping file would look like this:

security|na|emea,Viewer/NA

security|na|emea,Manager/NA

security|na|emea,Viewer/EMEA

security|na|emea,Manager/EMEA

security|na|emea,Viewer/APAC

security|apac,Viewer/APAC

security|apac,Manager/APAC

security|apac,Viewer/NA

security|apac,Viewer/EMEA

The contents of the assembled CSV file would look like this:

vp,Viewer/NA

vp,Viewer/EMEA

vp,Viewer/APAC

admin|na,SysAdmin/NA

admin|emea,SysAdmin/EMEA

admin|apac,SysAdmin/APAC

security|na|emea,Viewer/NA

security|na|emea,Manager/NA

```
security|na|emea,Viewer/EMEA  
security|na|emea,Manager/EMEA  
security|na|emea,Viewer/APAC  
security|apac,Viewer/APAC  
security|apac,Manager/APAC  
security|apac,Viewer/NA  
security|apac,Viewer/EMEA
```

CSV File Rules

The rules we've introduced are as follows:

1. Each line in the group mapping file starts with a list of AD groups followed by a role/organization pair.
2. If there is more than one group, separate by a vertical bar (|)
3. Each role must be paired with its organization, separated by a forward slash (/)
4. Users are assigned roles for every in which their AD groups match

The **admin** and **manager** users and see these roles by default.

User Name	Full Name	Roles
admin	Default administrative user	Organization1(SysAdmin,Viewer)
manager	Default management user	Organization1(Manager,Viewer)

To map Active Directory (AD) groups and roles to Lumeta organizations, here's the process.

Prerequisites

1. Ensure that Groups and Users have already been set up in an Active Directory (AD) server before beginning this procedure. See <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/fundamentals/active-directory-groups-create-azure-portal> to learn how.
2. Find out the credentials to your organization's AD server. Here are the types of information you'll need and an example of most (We've masked the name of our Active Directory server):

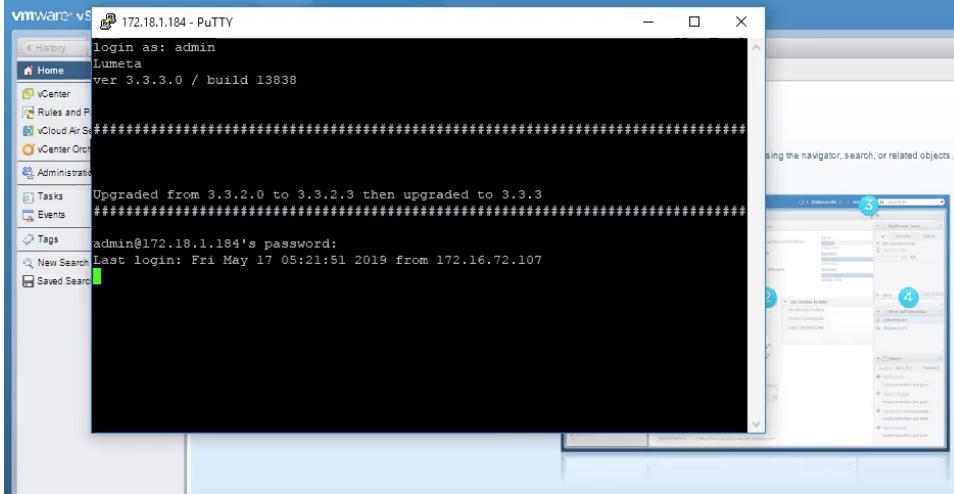
```
Server:  
Realm: DEV.COM  
Domain: DEV  
username: Administrator  
password: *****
```

Active Directory CLI Commands

To configure Active Directory on Lumeta Enterprise Edition:

1. Identify the Host Name or IP Address of your Command Center.

2. Use that information to [log in](#) to the CLI of your Command Center.



3. At the command-line prompt, enter `authentication ad`

```
172.18.1.184 - PuTTY
login as: admin
Lumeta
ver 3.3.3.0 / build 13838

#####
This is a test to check if upgrade will keep this This is a test to check if upg
rade will keep this

Upgraded from 3.3.2.0 to 3.3.2.3 then upgraded to 3.3.3
#####

admin@172.18.1.184's password:
Last login: Fri May 17 05:21:51 2019 from 172.16.72.107

        L u m e t a
        Command-Line Interface

Type "help" for instructions.
Type "?" for a list of commands.

Lumeta      system QE-TBupg-CC-3323 is a Command Center
Version: 3.3.3.0 (release 13838)

admin@QE-TBupg-CC-3323>
admin@QE-TBupg-CC-3323> authentication
    ad      Show or set the user authentication mechanism
    pki     Manage client-side authentication
    radius  Configure authentication via RADIUS
<<r>

admin@QE-TBupg-CC-3323> authentication ad
    groupmapping  Group mapping allows Active Directory group to map with Spectre Organization
    configure     Configure AD authentication server
    netbios       Netbios name is alias to hostname for AD authentication
    enable/disable Enable/Disable AD authentication (enable/disable)
    viewconfig   View AD configuration
    clearconfig  This option will clear existing AD configuration.
<<r>
```

4. As you can see in the illustration above, these are the available AD Authentication CLI commands. Each of these, their purpose and syntax follow along with a screencap. The Active Directory CLI commands are presented here in the order they are presented on the CLI menu. Although not fixed, the order of operations is likely to be 1) configure, 2) viewconfig, 3) netbios, 4) enable 5) groupmapping. This order of operations in the last column of the table below.

CLI Command	Description & Example
groupmapping	

	<p>Maps an Active Directory group to an Organization in Lumeta Enterprise Edition</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>A</th><th>B</th><th>C</th><th>D</th><th>E</th><th>F</th><th>G</th><th>H</th><th>I</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>1 group1</td><td>Manager/TestOrganization</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>2 group1</td><td>Viewer/Development</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>3 group1</td><td>SysAdmin/TestOrganization</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>4 group2 group4</td><td>Manager/Sales</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>5 group4 group2</td><td>SysAdmin/Sales</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>6 group2 group4</td><td>Manager/Development</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>7 group4 group2</td><td>Manager/Operations</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>8 group5 group4 group6</td><td>Viewer/Development</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>9 group6 group4 group5</td><td>Manager/Operations</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>10 group[13]</td><td>viewer/Sales</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> </tbody> </table>	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	1 group1	Manager/TestOrganization								2 group1	Viewer/Development								3 group1	SysAdmin/TestOrganization								4 group2 group4	Manager/Sales								5 group4 group2	SysAdmin/Sales								6 group2 group4	Manager/Development								7 group4 group2	Manager/Operations								8 group5 group4 group6	Viewer/Development								9 group6 group4 group5	Manager/Operations								10 group[13]	viewer/Sales							
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	<pre>admin@QE-TBupg-CC-3323> authentication ad groupmapping append To add/append new records to the groupmapping data overwrite overwrites existing groupmapping data download downloads existing groupmapping data into csv file</pre>																																																																																																			
	<pre>admin@QE-TBupg-CC-3323> authentication ad groupmapping append String "/path/to/local/file" or "user@host:/path/to/remote/file" admin@QE-TBupg-CC-3323> authentication ad groupmapping append admin@172.18.1.184:/home/admin/AD-group-mapping.csv Retrieving file... FIPS mode initialized The authenticity of host '172.18.1.184 (172.18.1.184)' can't be established. RSA key SHA1 fingerprint is e8:cd:69:9f:af:f8:85:dc:fa:24:a4:5c:96:1f:d8:5d:cc:67:46:0a. Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no)? yes</pre>																																																																																																			
	<pre>authentication ad groupmapping append path/to/local/file authentication ad groupmapping append admin@172.18.1.184:/home/admin/AD-group-mapping.csv</pre> <p>If your Active Directory mapping introduces new Organizations, you will need to create those organizations in the Command Center.</p> <pre>organization new name-of-new-organization</pre>																																																																																																			
	<pre>Following organizations does not exists: Sales, Development, TestOrganization, Operations admin@QE-TBupg-CC-3323> organization new Sales admin@QE-TBupg-CC-3323> organization new Development admin@QE-TBupg-CC-3323> organization new TestOrganization admin@QE-TBupg-CC-3323> organization new Operations admin@QE-TBupg-CC-3323> organization list Development Operations Organization QATestCRG001 QATestORG002 QATestORG003 Sales TestOrganization admin@QE-TBupg-CC-3323></pre>																																																																																																			
configure	<p>Configures an Active Directory authentication server</p> <pre>admin@QE-TBupg-CC-3323> authentication ad configure win Enter Administrator's password: Configuration saved</pre> <pre>authentication ad configure <AD server> <realm> <domain> <username> <password></pre>																																																																																																			
netbios	<p>The netbios is an alias for the hostname used in Active Directory authentication. It's only required if your hostname is more than 15 characters long.</p> <p>In this example, the hostname of the Command Center is longer than the maximum number of characters allowed, so AD configuration fails.</p> <pre>admin@QE-TBupg-CC-3323> authentication ad enable <cr></pre> <pre>admin@QE-TBupg-CC-3323> authentication ad enable Our netbios name can be at most 15 chars long, 'QE-TBupg-CC-3323' is 16 chars long. Invalid configuration. Exiting...</pre>																																																																																																			

	<p>This command would create a hostname on the AD server with the name "TestAD."</p> <pre>admin@QE-TBupg-CC-3323> authentication ad netbios testAD</pre>
enable/disable	<p>Enables and disables an AD authentication</p> <pre>authentication ad <enable disable></pre> <pre>admin@QE-TBupg-CC-3323> authentication ad enable enabled Joined 'TESTAD' to dns domain 'dev.com'. Join AD requires restarting lumeta-webapp service. This may take a minute or two Restarting lumeta-webapp service... admin@QE-TBupg-CC-3323></pre>
viewconfig	<p>Displays the current AD configuration. The two examples below show a not joined/disabled AD server and a joined/enabled AD server.</p> <pre>admin@QE-TBupg-CC-3323> authentication ad viewconfig Workgroup : DEV Domain Name : DEV.COM AD server : win .com Netbios : Not configured Join status : Not Joined AD authentication : disabled admin@QE-TBupg-CC-3323></pre> <pre>admin@QE-TBupg-CC-3323> authentication ad viewconfig Workgroup : DEV Domain Name : DEV.COM AD server : win .com Netbios : testAD Join status : Joined AD authentication : enabled admin@QE-TBupg-CC-3323></pre>
clearconfig	<p>Clears the current AD configuration</p> <pre>Active Directory server is already configured. Clear existing configuration to continue admin@QE-TBupg-CC-3323> authentication ad clearconfig Are you sure? [Y/N]: y Configuration cleared</pre>

Viewing Users in Lumeta

When an AD user logs in to Lumeta, and browses to Settings > Users, users, groups, and organizations to which he has been given rights in the AD server groupings—and only those—are visible.

Users

[Add](#) [Edit](#) [Delete](#) [Manage PKI](#)

User Name	Full Name	Roles
admin	Default administrative user	Organization1(SysAdmin)
billview	Bill View	Organization1(Viewer) QAtestORG00...
manager	Default management user	Organization1(Manager,Viewer)
manager01	manager01	QAtestORG003(Manager) Organizatio...
superadmin01	superadmin01	QAtestORG002(Manager,SysAdmin,View...
sysadmin01	sysadmin01	QAtestORG003(SysAdmin) QAtestOR...
viewer01	viewer01	Organization1(Viewer) QAtestORG00...